

30th

APDR

CONGRESS

**Sustainability Development
Challenges of Territories in Contexts
of Uncertainties due to External
Shocks and Risks**

Programme and abstracts

**July 19-21
2023
University of
Minho,
Braga**

Title

30th APDR – Sustainable Development Challenges of Territories in Contexts of Uncertainties due to External Shocks and Risks: Programme and abstracts

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Year:

2023

ISBN:

978-989-8780-11-9

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APDR | University of Azores | Rua Capitão João D'Ávila |

9700-042 Angra do Heroísmo | Portugal

Welcome to the 30th APDR Congress, July 19-21, 2023, University of Minho, Braga, Portugal

APDR and the Local Organising Committee wish you a pleasant and inspiring participation!

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Access to Wi-fi	1
Themes	1
Umbrella Theme.....	1
General Themes.....	2
Special Sessions' Themes	2
Committees	3
Organization and Support	3
Congress Venue	3
Gualtar Campus of University of Minho	4
Programme Overview	5
Overview Parallel Sessions	6
Day by day programme	7
Wednesday, 19 July 2023	8
Thursday, 20 July 2023.....	9
Friday, 21 July 2023	16
Abstracts	21

Access to Wi-fi

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Themes

Umbrella Theme

“Sustainability Development Challenges of Territories in Contexts of Uncertainties due to External Shocks and Risk”

During the last years, the COVID-19 pandemic and, more recently, the war in Ukraine, following the decision of Russia to invade it, impacted deeply world economy and citizens daily life, particularly in some territories more exposed to the tourism industry or relying more on non-renewable energies and other production factors which the war turned scarcer or more expensive. No one knows yet when this international conflict can have an end. Besides, the international trade chain goes on suffering from the impacts of the pandemic, a phenomenon that is still without enough control in China. The need to enhance the fight against global warming and climate change, as well as the continuous evolution of digital technologies, are also bringing some uncertainty to the markets, and it is hard to predict whose territories will be the winning and losing ones. In this context, adopting more sustainable development strategies, social inclusive policies, environmentally friendly transport modes, commitment more on innovation and entrepreneurship at regional and local levels, and adopting new governance models at the territories, aiming to deepen democracy and give efficacy to the decision-making process on the main issues affecting territories development, looks to be required. The overall aim of this conference is to bring ideas, theoretical approaches and examples of potential solutions to territorial bottlenecks and social and development difficulties.

General Themes

- RS01 - Territorial Sustainability Strategies and External Shocks
- RS02 - Governance in the Contexts of Economic, Environmental and Social Crises
- RS03 - New Technologies to Support Governance and Sustainable Development
- RS04 - Low Density Territories and Sustainable Development
- RS05 - Sustainable Development Strategies in Urban Spaces
- RS06 - Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation Strategies
- RS07 - Geographic Information Systems and other Geotechnologies in Sustainable Development Planning
- RS08 - Big Data for Spatial Optimization and Regional Development in Adverse Contexts
- RS09 - Theory and Methods in Spatial Analysis
- RS10 - Quantitative, Qualitative and Mixed Methods in Regional Science
- RS11 - Innovation, Entrepreneurship and Regional and Local Development in Adverse Contexts
- RS12 - Economic, Social and Environmental Behaviours in Adverse Health Contexts
- RS13 - Sustainable Tourism Strategies
- RS14 - Tourism and Pilgrimage: Is there an Answer for the Development of a few Less Urbanized Territories?
- RS15 - Inequalities, Asymmetries and Socio-Territorial Cohesion
- RS16 - Risk and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Resilience in Adverse Contexts
- RS17 - Active and Inclusive Mobility
- RS18 - Effects of Multiple External Risks/Shocks on Islands
- RS19 - Demographic Challenges, Migrations and Integration
- RS20 - Natural Environment and Territories Development
- RS21 - Energy Transition and Regional Development Policies
- RS22 - Infrastructure, Housing and Inclusive Growth
- RS23 - Networks and Cooperation and Territories Development
- RS24 - Regionalization and Decentralization: The Necessary Reform of State Aiming at Deepening Democracy and Enhancing Territories Development
- RS25 - Entrepreneurial and Sustainable Ecosystems
- RS26 - Circular Economy in Regions and Cities

Special Sessions' Themes

SS01 - Agribusiness and Sustainability: Reality, Emergency or Utopia

Ana Marta-Costa (Chair) and Maria Raquel Lucas

SS02 - Sustainability Development Challenges in Metropolitan Regions

Filipe Ferreira (Chair) and Paulo Castro Seixas

SS03 - Regional Development in the Cerrado and the Brazilian Amazon

Antonio Pasqualetto (Chair) and Waldecy Rodrigues

SS04 - Climate change resilient tourism in protected areas

Rita Mafalda Dionísio Sousa and António Vieira (Chair)

SS05 - Sustainable Tourism Beyond City Center

Rui Florentino (Chair)

SS06 - Empowering Municipalities: Decentralization of Competencies and Local Taxation

Soraia Gonçalves (Chair), Eva Maria Miranda and Laurentina Vareiro

SS07 - Territorial diversities of ageing

Alison Burrows (Chair), Vivien Burrows and Paula Trigueiros

SS08 - Outdoor tourism as a promoter of regional development

Elaine Scalabrini (Chair) and Paula Odete Fernandes

SS09 - Rethinking tourism destinations from a society-centric development

Rui Augusto da Costa (Chair), Adriana Fumi Chim-Miki and Jorge Mota

Committees

Scientific Committee

António Almeida, University of Madeira
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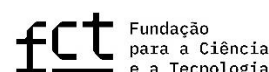
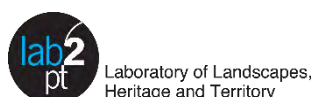
Local Organizing Committee

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Organization and Support



Esta iniciativa é apoiada através do Financiamento Plurianual do Laboratório de Paisagens, Património e Território (Lab2PT), Ref.^a UIDB/04509/2020, financiado por fundos nacionais (PIDDAC) através da FCT/MCTES.

Congress Venue

INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

University of Minho
 Campus de Gualtar; 4710-057 Braga – Portugal

[ID161] RESIDENTS' PERCEPTIONS TOWARDS GASTRONOMY AS INTANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE AND AN ENGINE FOR TOURISM DEVELOPMENT**Makhabbat Ramazanova**Portucalense University, Portugal
ramazanova@upt.pt**Isabel Freitas**Portucalense University, Portugal
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amdsgc@outlook.pt**Abstract**

Gastronomy is thus considered a stimulus for the development of the local economy and has been progressively recognized as a main strategy for promoting tourism. (Mendes et al., 2021) There is still much discussion about the need to conserve local gastronomy and the best means of doing so. Changing the rules about how food is produced and consumed could compromise the local roots of gastronomic culture in many parts of the world. (Fernandes & Richards, 2021) Traditional cuisine is progressively recognized as a valuable component of the intangible cultural heritage and, in this sense, the rescue of ancient traditions has given rise to the revival and protection of local, regional and national products. (Araújo, 2021) While tourists are increasingly seeking values of authenticity, gastronomy serves as a marker of cultural identity. Therefore, when we talk about gastronomy, we are talking about territories, culture, heritage, memory and identity. (Araújo, 2021) Knowing how to identify the value of local cuisine for tourists and map the influence of local cuisine on tourists' perception of destinations becomes crucial, not only for the marketing of the destinations' tourism product, as well as for the preservation of this heritage. (Guan & Jones, 2015). The empirical data was collected via 355 questionnaires applied randomly to residents using convenient sampling approach in Porto, Portugal, from May to November, 2022. Data was processed with the statistical package SPSS 23 and relevant results were obtained. The study investigated the role of gastronomy as an ICH and a tool for tourism development to better understand the dimensions that shapes the perception of Porto residents as major local actors. The local population was found to play a significant role in preserving traditional dishes and recognizing their value for both culture and tourism. However, at the same time, it was found that the willingness to prepare traditional dishes decreases every time, remaining only on special occasions. A possible explanation for this is increasing globalization and the influx of different cultures. Future research in the form of interviews could reveal further insights into the resident's views on gastronomic heritage.

Keywords | Gastronomy, heritage, tourism, tradition.**References**

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